Starter adapter CCI-90-L-1

Lycoming aircraft engines.

The complete document set consists of the following:

Six pages of "A" size blueprints
Four pages of instruction.
One page: Bill of materials

**MATERIALS** suppliers are listed in order of prices and performance. Their inclusion on this list is not necessarily an endorsement although some suppliers, like Dillsburg, have developed a large following because of their demonstrated willingness to provide prompt, personalized service. If a local vendor has prices that are equal to or better than those merchants listed, for the same grade and type of material, by all means use them.

**FABRICATION:** of the starter bracket is straightforward. All drawings are full scale except for sheet 6 which shows the gear-tooth relationships. Sheets 2 and 4 of the plans-set were plotted so as to eliminate the need for doing precision layouts on the raw steel plate. Sheets 1, 3, 5 & 6 are data sheets only. Use a spray adhesive to attach the templates to the raw material. Then, center-punch, drill and cut per the template. It is suggested that when cutting and shaping the two primary metal parts that all edges be "broken" with a file and contoured so as to not present any sharp edges. Remember that it is likely that you may want to work around the engine at some point in the future and it doesn't make any sense to leave sharp edges on any fabricated part that will cause injuries. Part alignment is important. The few problems encountered with the installation, have all been attributed to mis-alignment of the two parts during welding. The welding should be done by a professional. The two pieces must be perpendicular to one another after the welding and heat treatment are completed.

**INSTALLING THE BRACKET:** While one individual claimed that he was able to install the assembly without pulling the propeller and ring gear, we found that trying to work around them made things needlessly difficult and time consuming. In order to install the starter and bracket, it is suggested that the prop be taken off. With the propeller removed, the ring-gear can be easily slipped from the nose of the crankshaft after the two flat head screws are removed. Before positioning the starter bracket, clean and sand the aluminum pad on the crankcase where the bracket will sit. Bolt the bracket to the pad with the same starter fasteners provided by Lycoming for that purpose. If a belt driven accessory is being powered off the ring-gear, check to see if will slip under the starter weldment and onto the ring gear without difficulty. If the interference is only slight, file away a small portion of the nose plate at that corner which interferes. DO NOT grind away any of the base plate!
Caution: the new bracket is thinner than the base of the original starter. Take care that the bolts are not so long that they bottom. Either cut the bolts to size or purchase new bolts. Use new split washers to insure that the bracket is properly grounded electrically to the crankcase of the engine. Safety wire the four fasteners which secure the bracket to the engine.

Installing the Starter: Position the starter within the bracket and secure using the two 10 mm bolts specified in the bill of materials. Be sure to use star washers under the head of the both bolts. Snug the bolts up finger tight only.

Using channel lock pliers, or their equivalent, grip the nose of the pinion gear and carefully pull the pinion gear out of the starter it's full travel. The return spring is not a light one so you'll have to assert yourself. While holding the gear in the full extended position with the pliers, use your other hand to slip a single-edge razor blade or thin feeler gauge behind the gear. This will keep the spring from snatching the gear back into the starter housing. The pinion gear is now in a position that will facilitate clearance checking and adjustment.

Now position the Lycoming ring gear on the nose of the crankshaft, checking for interference with the starter pinion. Do not force anything. Rotate both the ring gear and starter pinion so as to obtain the tooth orientation depicted on diagram six of the enclosed plans. Using a 1/16 inch drill bit as a feeler gauge, test the tooth clearance as shown. Note that you are checking from the square top of a ring gear tooth to the square root of a pinion tooth.

If the clearance is not sufficient, remove the ring-gear and starter and slightly elongate the "B" hole in the direction of travel needed until the drill bit slips freely between the teeth. The large pinion access hole is oversized to accommodate the small amount of travel needed and should not require enlargement for this process. Once proper tooth clearance has been established, torque the two ten mm bolts to 30 foot pounds and safety wire both to each other using appropriate safety wire and accepted methods. Carefully remove the razor or feeler gauge from behind the pinion. Watch your fingers when the pinion is snapped back! Now reinstall the ring-gear and propeller.

Electrical Connections: Attach the existing heavy starter cable. Keep the cable length as short as possible and secure it to the engine using appropriate straps. This starter has a built in solenoid so no external solenoid is needed. If your aircraft is equipped with a starter solenoid which is activated by a grounding circuit, you should remove the solenoid completely and replace the two heavy cables that were on either side to one unit. Convert the grounding circuit to a simple switched circuit. If there is no such circuit and no existing wires, you must run a hot wire from the electrical buss, through a starter button or switch on your panel and from there to the solenoid contact on the starter. The wire gauge for that circuit should minimally be 18. 16 gauge is better but the most important factor in determining the wire gauge is the length of the cable run. The solenoid draws little current in activating the starter, so don't over do it.
RING-GEARS: Lycoming engines use ring gears either with 122 or 149 teeth with the 122 being the most popular. This installation is optimized for the 122 tooth ring gear which is the gear that Lycoming chooses to use on all the O-235's and the larger O-540's and O-720's. The mid range power plants (O-320's and 360's) are equipped with 149 tooth ring gears and while the starter can be made to work with that ring-gear, we don't recommend it. The tooth contact pattern is not optimized and we believe that a detrimental wear pattern could eventually occur. We have been assured by mechanics in the field that all Lycoming ring gears are mutually interchangeable across the entire Lycoming piston engine line. If you have a 149 tooth ring gear, we suggest you consider swapping for the 122 tooth unit.

PROPER GROUNDING: Check the existing ground strap (if there is one). If there is any doubt regarding it's capacity or ability to support the current drawn by the starter, replace the strap with one of a larger size. Remember that starters are the single highest electrical consumers on the aircraft and will only perform properly when the current can be fed through adequate circuitry.

If there is no ground strap, you must provide one from the engine to the airframe or, if a composite or wooden aircraft, you must provide a return ground all the way back to the battery. Woven belt type ground straps are relatively inexpensive, are designed to withstand engine vibrations without failure and can be purchased locally at auto-parts stores. The test aircraft, Long-Ez N-67EB, uses soft copper plumbing pipe as the ground buss with a good grade of multistrand welding cable running through its center as the other current carrying leg.

The ground strap can be attached almost anywhere on the engine but the closer to the starter, the better. You can attach a belt type ground strap, using a star washer, to the newly fabricated starter bracket with one of the four bolts that secures the bracket to the engine pad. Conventional, round battery cables are usually too thick to be used in the narrow space between the starter motor and the bracket.

CAUTION: Do not attempt to fasten a grounding strap with one of the two ten mm bolts! Aside from the fact that this compromises the physical integrity of the starter/bracket installation, there is very little clearance between the moving ring gear and the starter. You run the risk of entangling the strap in the ring gear when the engine is running!

SOME PRECAUTIONS REGARDING FASTENERS: The aero-space industry has been plagued with bogus bolts whose makers portray them as aircraft grade when they are, in fact, considerably lower in tensile strength. The two 10 mm x 1.25 pitch bolts specified on the bill of materials were carefully chosen to satisfy the demands of this application. Do not substitute common automotive grade bolts such as supplied by auto-parts stores!
None of the bolt suppliers we contacted were able to supply metric fasteners with heads pre-drilled for safety wire, at least not at prices we considered reasonable. Unless you have access to a supplier of metric fasteners who can provide pre-drilled bolts, we suggest you simply drill the bolt-heads yourself. You can easily prepare the heads for safety wire in a drill press with a 1/16" drill. Be certain to chamfer both the entry and exit sides of each hole with a countersink so as not to chafe the safety wire.

We considered drilling out the metric threads on the starter housing and retapping the bosses to the next American size. We even considered installing Heli-coil inserts. While this would have facilitated the selection of US standard aircraft fasteners, it would also reduced the amount of material actually supporting the starter and the modification would have ruined the core value. It would also complicate future replacement and make matters far more expensive.

One of the advantages of using a stock unit is that a replacement can be found on the shelf of practically any auto-parts store in the Country and installed "as-is". If the older unit has been modified, not only is it likely to be rejected by a vendor as an exchange unit but you will now be faced with having to drill and tap the replacement starter before it can be installed. We believe that the starter unit should be used "as-is" without modifications.

IMPORTANT

ALL MATERIALS ARE SUBJECT TO FAILURE FROM FATIGUE. NONE ARE EXCEPTED FROM THIS FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF PHYSICS. WE BELIEVE IT PRUDENT AND IN THE INTERESTS OF SAFETY TO PERIODICALLY REMOVE WELDED DEVICES FROM THE A/C AND TO MAGNAFLUX OR X-RAY THEM BEFORE RETURNING THEM TO SERVICE.

THIS SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR, PREFERABLY DURING THE "ANNUAL" FOR NON-AEROBATIC AIRCRAFT AND MORE FREQUENTLY FOR MACHINES USED TO PERFORM AEROBATIC MANEUVERS.
BILL OF MATERIALS

ITEM: 3/16” 4130 Chrome-Moly Steel plate
QUANTITY: 4” x 10” (minimum for one complete bracket)

SUPPLIERS:

Dillsburg Airplane Works, (deals exclusively in metals)
RD #3, Dillsburg, PA 17019  (717) 432-4589

Wicks Aircraft Supply, (limited & not as specialized)
410 Pine Street, Highland, IL 62249 (800) 221-9425

ITEM: 10 mm Metric Fasteners
QUANTITY: two 10mm x 1.25 bolts 23 mm long (grade 10.9)
two M10 flat washers

SUPPLIERS:

Auto-Metrics Incorporated, Metric Screw & Tool Company
24893 Hathaway 9 Lake Street
Farmington, Michigan 48018 Wakefield, Mass 01880
(313) 477-8001 (800) 638-7421 (617) 245-4950

ITEM: Starter 12 Volt DC, 1.9 hp geared unit; Lester Number 16760
QUANTITY: One
SUPPLIERS: Check local automotive parts jobbers

Note: “Lester Numbers” are the automotive equivalent of wattage in light bulbs and AN values in fasteners. A Lester Number is of more value to you than what year or car the unit was in, simply because different starter manufacturers will often supply one starter style to many car manufacturers. Use the Lester number when asking for starter units and be sure the unit is really re-manufactured, not just cleaned and spray painted as some will do.

Computer Certainty, Inc,
Post Office Box 494
Milford, New Jersey
08848 - 0494

E-mail: CCIVORTEX @ BLAST.NET
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**TOlERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED**

| DECIMAL: | 0.030 |
| FRACTIONAL: | 1/32 |

**DATE:**

| DATE | FEB 21, 1990 |
| MATERIAL: | 3/16" 4130 CHROME MOLLY STEEL |
| DATE | FEB 16, 1993 |

**LEVEL**

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**TITLE**

BASE PLATE (LYCOMING STARTER)

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LEVEL    REVISIONS                          DATE
B        ENLARGED HOLE "C" TO 2"              02/16/93
         ADDED 3/16" GUSSETS
LEVEL    REVISIONS                          DATE
A        CHANGED RADIUS OF HOLE "C" FROM 2-3/64" TO 2-1/32" TO SUPPORT PINION GEAR CLEARANCE ADJUST 06/21/93

TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DECIMAL: .030
TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
FRACTIONAL: 1/64

MATERIAL
3/16" 4130 CHROME MOLY

HEAT TREATMENT
STRESS RELIEVE AFTER WELDING

SURFACE TREATMENT
DEGREASE & PAINT, RUST INHIBITOR.

COMPUTER CERTAINTY, INC.
P.O. BOX 494, MILFORD, NJ 08848
E-MAIL: CCIVORTEX @ JUNO.COM

TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
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FRACTIONAL: 1/64

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FRACTIONAL: 1/64

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HEAT TREATMENT
STRESS RELIEVE AFTER WELDING

SURFACE TREATMENT
DEGREASE & PAINT, RUST INHIBITOR.

COMPUTER CERTAINTY, INC.
WELD LINE OF BASE PLATE

TEMPLATE #4

SEE SHEET #2, BASE-CUT, FOR INSTRUCTIONS ON USE OF THIS TEMPLATE.

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TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

DECIMAL: 0.030 FRACTIONAL: 3/32

MATERIAL
3/16" 4130 CHROME MOLLY STEEL

HEAT TREATMENT
STRESS RELIEVE AFTER WELDING

SURFACE TREATMENT
DEGREASE & PAINT W RUST INHIBITOR

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TITLE
FRONT TEMPLATE (LYCOMING STARTER)

SCALE FULL
SHEET 4 of 6

FRONTCUT . DWG
CAREFULLY JIG BOTH PIECES TO INSURE THAT BASE PLATE IS PERPENDICULAR TO THE FRONT PLATE AND THAT ALIGNMENT IS MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE WELDING PROCESS.

HEAVY FILLETS MUST BE BUILT UP ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BASE PLATE AS SHOWN. USE AS MANY PASSES AS ARE NECESSARY TO INSURE ADEQUATE BUILDUP OF THE WELD AS WELL AS MAXIMUM PENETRATION.

AN AIRCRAFT GRADE WELD IS CRUCIAL AND IT IS STRONGLY SUGGESTED THAT THIS BE DONE BY A PROFESSIONAL WELDER WITH APPROPRIATE EXPERIENCE AND SUITABLE EQUIPMENT TO STRESS RELIEVE THE PARTS AFTER THE WELDING IS COMPLETED.

TIG OR MIG WELDING, WHILE PREFERRED, CAN LEAVE LOCALIZED CONCENTRATIONS OF STRESS. THE PART CAN BE OVEN HEATED PER MIL-SPC. OR, WELD CAN BE HEATED WITH AN ACETYLENE TORCH TO A DULL RED AND ALLOWED TO SLOW COOL. DO NOT QUENCH COOL THESE PARTS.

NOTE: NOT ALL MACHINED HOLES ARE SHOWN IN SECTION VIEWS. BOLT HOLES IN BASE AND PINION ACCESS HOLE ARE NOT REPRESENTED.

NOTCH REMAINING CORNER OF BUTRESS REINFORCEMENTS AS SHOWN TO CLEAR WELD. POSITION BOTH PIECES AS SHOWN IN BASE.DWG SO THAT WHEN THEY ARE WELDED, THEY REINFORCE THE FRONT PLATE AGAINST BENDING LOADS. ALL EDGES OF BOTH REINFORCEMENTS ARE TO BE WELDED TO THE BASE AND FRONT PLATES.

HARDED 5/16 DOWEL PINS

90 DEGREES

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TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DECIMAL: ±0.030
TOLERANCES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
FRACTIONAL: ± 1/64
MATERIAL 3/16" 4130 CHROME MOLY
HEAT TREATMENT STRESS RELIEVE AFTER WELDING
SURFACE TREATMENT DEG'REASE/PATIENT: ZINK CHROMATE

DRAWN ART B. 1/4/92
FORM-FIT-FUNCTION
STDS& RECORDS
DSGN.
APPROVAL

COMPUTER CERTAINTY, INC.
P.O.BOX 494, MILFORD, NJ 08848
E-MAIL: CCIVORTEX@JUNO.COM

TITLE STARTER WELDMENT (LYCOMING STARTER)

SCALE A FULL 5 OF 6 DDS FILE: WELDMENT.DWG
ADJUST CLEARANCE SO THAT A 1/16" DRILL BIT SLIPS FREELY BETWEEN THE ROOT OF THE PINION GEAR AND THE LYCOMING RING GEAR. IF NECESSARY, ELONGATE HOLE 'B' AS NECESSARY TO ALLOW THE STARTER TO BE ROTATED ABOUT BOLT 'A'. DO NOT EXCEED 9/16" ELONGATION TO ACHIEVE CLEARANCE.

9/16" MAX

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COMPUTER CERTAINTY, INC.
P.O. BOX 494, MILFORD, NJ, USA, 08848-0494
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GEAR CLEARANCE
LYCOMING STARTER